

A

Aṁkuṣā—a Śakti on the Drāviṇikā mudrā.

Br. IV. 36. 76.

Aṁkuṣeśvaram—in the Narmadā.

M. 194. 1.

Aṁkola—a tirtha, and its merits.

M. 191. 118-25.

Aṁcoladvicarāḥ (c)—a kingdom watered by the R. Sitā.

Br. II. 18, 45.

Akapi—a sage of the Tāmasa epoch.

M. 9. 15.

Akampana—a son of Khasā and a Rākṣasa¹: an Asura in the sabhā of Hiranyakaśipu.²

¹ Br. III. 7, 136; Vā. 69, 167. ² M. 161. 81.

Akarṇa—a kādraveya nāga.

Br. III. 7, 33.

Akarmaka (i)—a class of Piśācas.

Br. III. 7, 379.

Akalmaṣa—a son of Tāmasa Manu.

M. 9, 17.

Akāra—its significance in *Om*¹; the source of 63 varṇas²; the primordial *svara* and its place in creation.³

¹ Vā 20, 8ff. ² Vā. 26, 28. ³ Vā. 26, 29ff.