

Aja (xvi)—the name given to Dhanvantari when he first appeared out of the churning of the ocean for nectar.

Vā. 92. 10.

Ajaka (i)—a son of Balāka and father of Kuśa.

Bhā. IX. 15. 3-4.

Ajaka (ii)—the son of Sunaha (Suhotra-Vā. P., and Sumantu-Vi. P.) and father of Balakāśva;¹ ruled for 21 years (31 ? Vā.).²

¹ Br. III. 66. 30; 74-126; Vā. 91. 60-61; Vi. IV. 7. 8. ² Vā.

99. 313.

Ajaka (iii)—the son of Dilipa.

M. 12. 48.

Ajakarṇa—a son of Maya.

Br. III. 6. 29.

Ajagandhā—an Apsaras.

Br. III. 7. 8.

Ajagavam—the name of Siva's bow (also *Ajagavam*).

M. 23. 37; Vā. 90. 31.

Ajatūṅga—a place fit for performing śrāddham, noted for the tree *Virajā*,¹ the shadow of gods seen at the place in *parvas*; the Pāñdavas performed śrāddham at.²

¹ Br. III. 13. 48. ² Vā. 77. 48.

Ajana (i)—the parent of Buddha. (Añjana-Burnouf).

Bhā. I. 3. 24.

Ajana (ii)—a name of Kṛṣṇa-Hari.

Bhā. X. 3. 1 & 5; 6. 23.