

*Kaṇva* (III)—the minister of Devabhūti Śuṅga, whom he assassinated and usurped the throne.

Bhā. XII. 1. 19.

*Kaṇva* (IV)—An Aṅgīrasa and *mantrakṛt*. A pupil of Yājñavalkya.

Br. II. 32. 109; 35. 28; Vā. 59. 100; 61. 24.

*Kaṇva* (v)—a son of Ajāmīḍha and Keśinī and father of Medhātithi.

M. 49. 46; Vi. IV. 19. 30-31.

*Kaṇva* (v)—a *ṛtvik* at the *yāga* of Brahmā.

Vā. 106. 35; 108. 42.

*Kaṇvas*—a royal dynasty after Śuṅgas; four kings in all, ruled for 45 years.

Bhā. XII. 1. 19; M. 272. 36; Vi. IV. 24. 38, 42.

*Kaṇvāyanadvijas*—the family of Brāhmaṇas originally from Kaṇva and his son Medhātithi. (See Wilson, Note at p. 32).

Vi. IV. 19. 7.

*Kaṇvāyanas*—the predecessors of the Andhra rulers; their reign of 4 kings lasted for 45 years.

Br. III. 74. 158 & 159.

*Kata*—a Kauśika and a sage.

Br. II. 32. 118.

*Katakas*—a tribe conquered by Kalki.

Br. II. 31. 84.

*Katṛṇa*—a Trayārṣeya.

M. 196. 39.