

Kālasūtra—one of the twenty-eight hells. Those who treacherously behave towards Pitṛs, Brāhmaṇas, etc., are sent to this ;¹ a hell under the earth : also *mahāhī*² the third hell under the earth : also known as *mahāhavividhi*; haunted by a fierce serpent.³

¹ Bhā. V. 26. 7 & 14; Vā. 110. 42; Vi. I. 6. 41; II. 6. 4. ² Br. IV. 2. 181, 184; 33. 60. ³ Vā. 101. 178.

Kālā (I)—a goddess enshrined at Candrabhāgā.

M. 13. 49.

Kālā (II)—a daughter of Dakṣa, and wife of Kaśyapa.¹ Mother of Kālakeyas.²

¹ M. 171. 29; Vā. 66. 54. ² M. 171. 59.

Kālātmā—*Yugābhīmāni* ; Rudra.

Vā. 31. 55; 66. 125.

Kālānala (I)—a son of Sabhānara and a Paṇḍita; and father of Sṛñjaya.

Br. III. 74. 13; Vi. IV. 18. 2-3.

Kālānala (II)—see *Samvartāgni*.

Br. II. 25. 45 & 56.

Kālāmra—a tree of Bhadrāśva, the juice of its fruit protects the youthfulness of women,¹ in the Sālavanam; the juice of which makes the drinker young.²

¹ Br. II. 15. 58 & 61. ² Vā. 43. 6.

Kālāyani—a pupil of Bāṣkala.

Vi. III. 4. 25.

Kālāyasaśālā—the first *prākāra* of *Śripuram*.

Br. IV. 31. 34. 50.