

Tapa (x)—the month of Māsi, (Feb.-Mar.) sacred to Pūṣa.

Bhā. XII. 11. 39; Vā. 30. 9. 50. 202.

Tapa (xi)—the essence milked by Brhaspati from cow-earth in the vessel of the Veda; practised by Yayāti; greater than sacrifices.¹ Fasting and restraint lead to vai-rāgya; other features are celibacy, prayer and silence.²

¹ M. 10. 17; 35. 15-17; 143. 33-40; Vā. 57. 121-5. ² Vā 57. 116-17; 59. 41.

Tapatī (i)—a daughter of Sūrya and Chāyā. Married Samvaraṇa, and became the mother of Kuru; became the river.

Bhā. VI. 6. 41; IX. 22. 4; VIII. 13. 10; M. 11. 9, 39; Vi. III. 2. 4.

Tapatī (ii)—a R. sacred to Pitṛs.

M. 22. 32.

Tapana—the Sun whose daughter is Yamunā.

M. 108. 23; 110. 5.

Tapaśri—a queen of Śisira.

Br. IV. 32. 39.

Tapasūrmī—one of the twenty-eight hells for misbehaviour of man or woman.

Bhā. V. 26. 7 and 20.

Tapasya (i)—Phālguna, the month sacred to Kratu.

Bhā. XII. 11. 40; Br. II. 13. 11. Vā. 30. 9.

Tapasya (ii)—a son of Tāmasa Manu.

M. 9. 17.