

Druma—the king of the Kimpuruṣas and Kinnaras (s.v.) stationed on the west during the siege of Gomanta;¹ stationed by Jarāsandha at the western gate of Mathurā;² attended the conference at Kuṇḍina summoned by Śālva.³

¹ Bhā. X. 52. 11 [11]. Vā. 41. 30. ² Ib. X. 50 11 [5]. ³ Ib. X. 76. 2 [9-10].

Drumila—a Gandharva and a son of Ṛṣabha and a sage who was a Bhāgavata; in the guise of Ugrasena became the father of Kamsa;¹ discoursed to Nimi on the *avatārs* of Hari with different purposes.²

¹ Bhā. V. 4. 11; XI. 2. 21; X. 36. 24 [10-26]. ² Ib. XI. 4. (whole).

Druhya—a tribe.

M. 114. 41.

Druhyu—a son of Yayāti and Sarmiṣṭhā and father of Babhru and Satu;¹ after being refused by Yadu and Turvasu approached by Yayāti; he also declined to part with his youth to his father and was therefore cursed to have no pleasures in life and to be wandering about the countries and oceans with no settled kingdom;² became over-lord of the south-eastern (west *Br. P.*, *Vā. P.* and *Vi. P.*) part of the kingdom;³ from him begins the Bhoja line.⁴

¹ Bhā. IX. 18, 33 and 41; 23. 14; Br. I. 1. 133; Vā. 1. 156; 93. 17; 99. 7; Vi. IV. 17. 1. ² M. 24. 54; 32. 10; 23. 16-20; Vā. 45. 50; Vi. IV. 10. 6, 13. ³ M. 34. 30; Vā. 45. 90; Vi. 10. 31. ⁴ M. 48. 6.

Droṇa (Ṛ)—married Kṛpī, and was the father of Aśvatthāma.¹ Taught Dhanurveda to the Pāṇḍavas but served Duryodhana's army, succeeding Bhīṣma as commander, and after a five days' battle was killed by Dhṛṣṭadyumna;² met by Kṛtavarma, Kṛṣṇa and Rāma.³ Informed by Uddhava of Rāma's visit to Hastināpura; invited for the