

Dhātā (I)—a son of Bhṛgu and Khyātī, wife Niyatī, (Āyati-Vi. P.) son Mr̥kaṇḍu (Prāṇa-Vi. P.).

Br. II. 11. 5. Vā. 28. 1, 4, 5. Vi. I. 8. 15; 10. 2-4.

Dhātā (II)—a devata in the sun, in the spring season.
Vā. 52. 2.

Dhātu—a Marut of the III Gaṇa.

Br. III. 5. 94.

Dhātr (I)—an Āditya—Icon of¹ in the sun's chariot in the months of Caitra and Madhu.²

¹M. 6. 4; 126. 3; 171. 56; 261. 6; Vā. 66. 66. Vi. I. 15. 130.
²Vi. II. 10. 4; V. 18. 56.

Dhātr (II)—deserted by his wife Tuṣṭī for Soma: created order in the Universe.

M. 23. 24; 38. 9.

Dhātra—the 10th of the twelve incarnations of Viṣṇu.

M. 47. 45.

Dhātri (I)—a constellation.

Bhā. V. 23. 5.

Dhātri (II)—a son of Bhṛgu and Khyātī; married Āyatī, a daughter of Meru.

Bhā. IV. 1. 43-4; Br. II. 13. 37; Vā. 30. 34.

Dhātri (III)—a son of Aditi. Had four wives, each of whom brought forth a son;¹ an Āditya of the Vaivasvata epoch.²

¹Bhā. VI. 6. 39; 18. 3. ²Br. III. 3. 67-69.

Dhātri (IV)—a name of Brahmā.

Bhā. X. 1. 50; Br. IV. 44. 88.