

Dhṛtiman (iv)—a son of Sudaridra (s.v.) of Pāñcāla-deśa.

M. 21. 3.

Dhṛtiman (v)—a son of Purūravas and Urvaśī.

M. 24. 33.

Dhṛtiman (vi)—a son of Yavinara and father of Satyadhṛti.

M. 49. 70; Vā. 99. 184; Vi. IV. 19. 49.

Dhṛtivrataṃ—observance of this vow described; the performer becomes a king in the next Kalpa.

M. 101. 33-4.

Dhṛteyu—a son of Bhadrāśva.

M. 49. 5.

Dhṛteṣu—a son of Raudrāśva.

Vi. IV. 19. 2.

Dhṛṣṭa (i)— (*Dhṛṣṭi-Br. P.*), a son of Hiranyākṣa.

Bhā. VII. 2. 18.

Dhṛṣṭa (ii)—a son of Vaivasvata Manu; an ancestor of the Dhārṣṭa race of warriors, 3000 in number;¹ father of three sons Dhṛtaketu, Citraratha and Raṇadhṛṣṭa.²

¹ Bhā. VIII. 13. 2; IX. 1. 12; 2. 17; Br. II. 38. 30; III. 60. 2; 63. 4; Vā. 64. 29; 88. 4; Vi. III. 1. 33; IV. 1. 7. ² M. 11. 41; 12. 20-1.