

Nandivardhana (III)—a son of Ajaya (*Ajaka-Br. P.*) and father of Mahānandi; ruled for 20 years (40)?

Bhā. XII. 1. 7. Br. III. 74. 126 and 133.

Nandivardhana (IV)—a palace with seven storeys; the toraṇa is of 32 hastas.

M. 269. 29, 48.

Nandivardhana (v)—a son of Sūryaka: was succeeded by Śiśunāka; ruled for thirty years.

M. 272. 5.

Nandivardhana (VI)—the son of Udāsi, and a Śaisunāga ruled for 40 years. (42 years *Br. P.*).

M. 272. 11; Vā. 99. 320.

Nandivardhana (VII)—a son of Manivara; a Yakṣa and a Guhyaka.

Vā. 69. 158.

Nandivardhana (VIII)—a son of Janaka and father of Nandi of the Pradyota dynasty.

Vi. IV. 24. 6-7.

Nandivardhana (IX)—a son of Udayana and father of Mahānandi of the Śaisanābha dynasty.

Vi. IV. 24. 17-8.

Nandīśa—one of the eighteen authors on architecture.

M. 252. 3.

Nandīśvara—the god attendant on Śiva;¹ the vehicle of Rudra;² Bhagavān with sūla;³ cursed Dakṣa for his hatred of Śiva;⁴ caught hold of Bhaga on the occasion of the destruction of Dakṣa's sacrifice;⁵ his permission to see