

Nirānanda—the son of Vyāghra, a destroyer of sacrifices.

Br. III. 7. 96; Vā. 69. 131.

Nirāmaya (I)—a son of I Sāvārṇa Manu.

Br. IV. 1. 64.

Nirāmaya (II)—a son of Dakṣasāvārṇi.

Vi. III. 2. 24.

Nirāmitra (I)—a son of Raivataka Manu.

Br. II. 36. 64; Vā. 62. 55.

Nirāmitra (II)—of the Bṛhadratha line;¹ ruled for one hundred years.²

¹ Br. III. 74. 112. ² Vā. 99. 298.

Nirāmitra (III)—a son of the III Sāvārṇa Manu.

Br. IV. 1. 72.

Nirāmitra (IV)—a son of Bhṛḡu, the *avatār* of the Lord

Vā. 23. 149.

Nirāmitra (V)—a son of Daṇḍapāṇi.

Vā. 99. 277.

Nirāloka—a dark territory, at the end of which is the world of Lord. Divyam, above the seven created worlds.¹ The region above āloka.²

¹ Br. II. 19. 151, 167-9; 21. 106; III. 7. 294; IV. 2. 188; Vā. 49. 145-159; 50. 160. ² M. 123. 47; 124. 83-84.

Nirāhāra—a mountain kingdom.

M. 114. 55.