

Nirvānaratis—the gods in the epoch of the III Śāvarṇa Manu.

Br. IV. 1. 73, 75.

Nirvānarucis—Gods of the eleventh epoch of Manu.

Bhā. VIII. 13. 25; Vi. III. 2. 30.

Nirvindhya—a R. from the Vindhyas;¹ in the R̥kṣa Mt. in Bhāratavarṣa;² visited by Balarāma.³

¹ M. 114. 27. Vā. 45. 102. ² Bhā. IV. 1. 18; V. 19. 18; Br. II. 16. 32; Vi. II. 3. 11. ³ Bhā. X. 79. 20.

Nirvṛti (I)—the son of Dhṛṣṭā(i) (Vṛṣṇi- Br. P.) the righteous, and father of Daśārha.

Bhā. IX. 24. 3; Br. III. 70. 40.

Nirvṛti (II)—the son of Sunetra, ruled for 58 years.

M. 271. 26.

Nirvṛti—a son of Dhṛṣṭa and father of Vidūratha.

M. 44. 39-40.

Nirhayu—a deva.

Vā. 31. 8.

Nilāyanakṛīḍā—a game of the Gopas in which the Gopas put on the guise of thieves, watchmen, and goats; Vyoma an Asura entered it in disguise and carried away almost all the Gopas to a cave near by; seeing only few left, Kṛṣṇa discovered the Asura and killed him at once.

Bhā. X. 37. 26-32.

Nivartanam—30 daṇḍas by a daṇḍa of 7 hastas.

M. 283. 3, 14.