

## Pa and Pha

*Pakṣa* (I)—a lunar period of 15 days; Śukla (white) and Kṛṣṇa (dark).

Br. II. 21. 125; 24. 56; 28. 33; III. 1. 59; Vā. 30. 15; 49. 130; 50. 178; 56. 3 and 30.

*Pakṣa* (II)—a Maṇivara Yakṣa and son of Devajānī.

Br. III. 7. 129.

*Pakṣa* (III)—of Bhārgava gotra.

Vā. 65. 97.

*Pakṣa* (IV)—a son of Anu.

Vā. 99. 13

*Pakṣaganta*—a Śrutarṣi.

Br. II. 33. 4.

*Pakṣi*—a species of birds vanquished by Rāvaṇa; the name of a *mūrchana* after their name.

Br. III. 7. 256, 307; 61. 52; IV. 4. 2.

*Pakṣinī*—a śakti on the ṣoḍaśa—patrābja.

Br. IV. 32. 11.

*Pankajavanam*—the name of a sacred forest; here is Pāṇḍuśilā fit for the performance of śrāddha; Yudhiṣṭhira performed śrāddha at the place; pleased at it Pāṇḍu blessed his son to rule the kingdom and go to heaven.

Vā. 112. 43-49.

*Pankti*—a metre: a Chandas.

Bhā. XI. 21. 41; Br. II. 22. 72; M. 125. 47; Vā. 51. 65. Vi. II. 8. 5.