Patram—(likhitam) written message sent by Rukminī to Kṛṣṇa; text of the letter.

Bhā. X. 52. 36 [1 and 2]; 37-43.

Patravān—a Mauneya Gandharva.

Br. III. 7. 2.

Patrikā—a medicinal plant.

M. 218, 31.

Pathya (1)—learnt the Atharva Samhitā from a pupil of Sumantu; Kumuda and others were his disciples.

Bhā. XII. 7. 1 and 2.

Pathya (11)—a disciple of Kabandha; he had three disciples; Jājali (Jābāli-Vi. P.), Kumulādi and Śaunaka

Br. II. 35, 56, 59; Va. 61, 50; Vi. III. 6, 9-11.

Pathya (III)—of Bhargava gotra.

Vā. 65. 96.

Pathyā—a daughter of Maru and wife of Atharva Angiras; father of 101 sons of whom were Ayāsya, Vāmadeva, Utathya, Ušiti, and Dhṛṣṇi.

Br. III. 1. 103-5; Vā. 65. 98.

Padgamās—a tribe of the Vindhya region.

M. 114. 53.

Padma (1)—a Yakṣa; a son of Puṇyajanī and Maṇi-bhadra.

Br. III. 7. 124; Va. 69. 155.