

Parameśvara—is Śiva:¹ also an epithet of Viṣṇu.²

¹ Br. III. 41. 50; 44. 30; IV. 10. 28; M. 12. 9. ² Vi. V. 1. 60; 18. 52.

Parameśvarī—the chief Śakti, Lalitā;¹ enshrined in Pātāla.²

¹ Br. IV. 6. 65; 16. 1; 18. 15; 19. 60; 22. 5. ² M. 13. 39.

Parameśu—a son of Anu.

M. 48. 10. Vi. IV. 18. 1.

Parameṣṭhi (I)—an attribute of Brahmā worshipped for overlordship.

Bhā. II. 1. 30; 2. 22; 3. 6; Br. IV. 9. 27.

Parameṣṭhi (II)—a son of Devadyumna; his queen Suvarcalā; father of Pratiha.

Bhā. V. 15. 3.

Parameṣṭhi (III)—a son of Indradyumna.

Br. II. 14. 65; Vi. II. 1. 36. Vā. 33. 55.

Parameṣṭhi (IV)—married the daughter of Dakṣa and became the father of Nārada.

Br. III. 2. 13-18.

Paramtapa—a son of Tāmasa Manu.

M. 9. 17.

Paravṛt—a son of Rukmakavaca and father of five sons.

Vi. IV. 12. 10-11.

Paraśavas—a tribe.

Vā. 99. 268.