चनुपपन्न mfn. (-न्न:-न्ना-न्न') 1. Not done, unaccomplished, uneffected. 2. Unproved, undemonstrated. E. पन् neg. उपपन्न effected.

चनुपपत्र mfn. (-त्र:-त्रा-त्रं) following, conforming to E. चनु, and प्रपन्न done. जन्पस्त mfn. (-क्त:-क्ता-क्रं) Unenjoyed, unpossessed. ह. जन् neg. उपस्त

enjoyed.

चनुपन mfn. (-म:-मा-मं) Excellent, best. f. (-मा) The female elephant of the south-east, or of the north-east. E. यन neg. and उपना resemblance; above comparison.

अनुपसेय mfn. (-य:-या-यं) Incomparable : so अनुपसित mfn. (-त:-ता-तं) E. अन् neg. उपनित compared, or उपनेय comparable.

भन्पयुक्त mfn. (-क्त:-क्ता-क्तं) Useless, unnecessary, unserviceable. E. भन neg. उपयुक्त serviceable.

अनुपयोग m. (-गः) Unserviceableness, uselessness. E. अन् neg. उपयोग

अनुपलचित mfn. (-त:-ता-तं) Unmarked, undiscriminated, E. अन् neg. उपलचित marked.

जन्पलच mfn. (-च:-चा-मं) 1. Unperceived, unascertained. 2. Unobtained. E. अन् neg. उपलब्ध obtained.

चन् पश्च m. (-य:) Any aggravating thing or circumstance, (in medicine) what increases the disease, E. अन् neg. उपभ्य a palliative.

अनुपस्तृत mfn. (त:-ता-तं) 1. Undressed, unprepared. 2. Unfinished, unpolished. 3. Unrequited. E. चन् neg. उपस्तत finished.

अन प्रशान n. (-न') Absence. E. अन् neg. उपस्थान vicinity.

अन् पर्यापन ॥. (-न') Not producing, not offering, not placing, not having ready or at hand. E. अन् neg. उप near, खापन placing,

धन पर्स्थापित mfn. (-त:-ता-तं) Not ready, not at hand, not offered or produced. E. अन् neg. उपस्थापित placed near.

अनुपर्खापन् mfn. (-पी पिनी-पि) Absent, distant. E. अन् neg. उपस्थापिन् near.

चन् पर्खित f. (-ति:) Absence. E. चन् neg. उपस्थित vicinity.

चन्पात m. (-त:)1. Falling subsequently upon, alighting or descending upon in succession, 2. Going, preceeding, 3. Following 4.A degree of latitude opposite to one given, the antœci. 5, Proportion, (in arithmetic.) 6. Arithmetical progression. E. 47, and पात falling, &c.

बन्पातक n. (-कं) A heinous crime, as, falsehood, fraud, theft, adul-

tery, &c. पन, and पातक crime.

चन् पान n. (-न') A fluid vehicle in medicine; drink taken with or after medicine. E. अन् after or with, and पान a drink.

चन् पार्श्व mfn. (-र्श्व:-र्श्वा-र्श्व) Lateral. E. चन् by or upon, पार्श्व the side.

भन् प्राप्त mfn. (-त:-ता-त') Obtained, attained, arrived at. E. भन्, and प्राप्त

जन् पुष्प m. (-ष:) A kind of reed, (Saccharum sara.) B. पन् before पुष्प to put forth flowers, and अन् aff.

जन् पूर्व mfn. (-व्यं:-व्यां-व्यं) Regular, orderly, successively, from the preceding. E. अन् after, पूर्व prior.

चन पूर्वेस् ind. In regular order or succession, from the first, from above downwords. E. अन् पूर्व and श्रास aff.

चन् म mfn. (-प्र:-प्रा-प्रं) Uusown, (as seed.) E. चन् neg. उन्न sown.

बन् प्रशस्य mfn. (-स:-सा-स) Fallow, meadow, (ground, &c.) E. बन् neg. उप्त sown, श्रस grain.

चन् प्रस्थ mfn. (-स्थ:-स्था-स्थ) Latitudinal. E. चन् neg. according to, प्रस्थ extending.

जन् प्रास m. (-स:) Alilteration, repetition of similar letters, syllables and words. E. चन् and प before चस् to be, affix घञ्.

बन् प्रव m. (-व:) A companion or follower. E. बन्, मु to go, and बप् aff.

चन् बहु mfn. (-ह:-हा-ह्रं) Bound to, connected with E. चन्, and बहु bound.

अन वस m. (-स:) 1. The inseparable adjunct or sign of any thing, the indication of guilt, symtom of disease, &c. 2. An element of language, root, affix, &c. 3. An indicatory letter not sounded or dropped in composition, but marking some peculiarity in inflecting the word to which it is attached; for instance, an indicatory T, denotes that verbs require the insertion of a nasal before their final consonant. 4. A child or pupil, who imitates an example set by the parent or preceptor, 5. A child or infant in general. 6. Commencement, beginning 7. Binding, confining 8. Any thing small or little, a part, a small part. 9. The connexion between the agent and the cause or motive. 10. Circumstance, case.11. The junction of fractions. 12. A secondary or symtomatic affection, one supervening on the principal disease. f. (आ) 1. Hickup. 2. Thirst. E. चन after, and बन्ध to bind or confine, with चल affix; and in the fem. डीप.

भन् बन्धिन min. (-स्वी-स्विनी-स्वि) Connected with, attached, E. चन् बन्ध and इनि श्री.

चन बन्ध mfn. (न्ब्य:-क्या-क्यां) Principal, primary, what may receive an adjunct, as a root, a disease, &c. E. चन, and बन्ध to be attached

बन बोध m. (-घ:) 1. Reviving the scent of a faded perfume, 2. Replacing perfumes removed by bathing, &c. 3. An after-thought. E. अन्, and बुध to understand, with घञ aff.

षन् बीधित mfn. (-त:-ता-तं) Informed or convinced by reflection. E. चन and बीचित made known.

चन् भव m. (-व:) 1. Conclusive judgment, understanding, impression, the exercise of the intellect, independent of memory ; also चन् भूति. 2. Result, consequence. E. चन्, सू to be, and चच् aff.

चन भाव m. (-व:) 1. Indication of passion, by look or gesture. 2. Dignity, authority, consequence. 4. Firm opinion, belief, knowledge. 4. Certainty, ascertainment. E. चन्, and भाव the essence or being; according to the internal feelings.

चन भाविन mfn. (-बी-विनी-वि) 1. Judging, knowing, understanding. 2. Indicative of passion or feeling. E. अन् and आविन perceiving, or भन्भाव and इनि aff.

चन भूत mfn. (-त:-ता-तं) 1.Understood, judged, apprehended, 2. Resulted, followed as a consequence. 3. Perceiving, understanding. E. चन्, and भूत been.

चन भृति f. (-ति:) 1. Judgment ; knowledge, from four sources, perception, inference, comparison and verbal information; or any source except memory. 2. Dignity, consequence. E. चन्, and भूति being.

चन् मत mfn. (-त:-ता-तं) 1. Accepted, assented to. 2. Agreeable, pleasant. 3. Loved, beloved. 4. Concurred with, being of one opinion. E. अन, and सत minded.

भनमति f. (-ति:) 1. Order or command. 2. Assent, permission. 3. A fifteenth day of the moon's age, on which she rises one digit less than full. E. अन् with, before मन to respect, and तिन affix; in the last acceptation, because offerings made to the manes on this day are especially accepted.

षन् मन् mfn. (-ना-नी-नु) Consenting to, concurring in, permitting. E. चन्, and मन to mind, तच aff.

षन् नर्च n. (-पं) Dying with or following in death; the term usually denotes the cremation of a Hindu widow, whose husband's corpse is not on the spot, and with part of whose dress she, therefore, ascend the pile; this is prohibited to Brahman women. It is also synonimous with सहमर्च burning with the body. E. चन with or after, and How dying: dying with her husband.

बन्सा f. (-सा) Inference (in logic,) drawing a conclusion from given premises. E. चन् after or according to, मा from माङ् to measure, affix we and ziy.

भन्मान n. (-न') See भन् मा. B. भन्, and मा to measure, affix खाट्-