

receives the Jumna, and is supposed to receive under ground the Saraswati ; it is also that of a village in Bengal, above Hugli.

त्रिवेदं n. (-दं) The three Vedas collectively. E. त्रि, and वेद a Veda.

त्रिवेदिन् m. (-दी) A Brahman acquainted with three Vedas. E. त्रिवेद, and इनि aff.

विशङ्कु m. (-ङ्कुः) 1. The name of a king of the solar race, famous for attempting to go to heaven in his mortal frame, by the aid of VISWAMITRA. 2. A cat. 3. A grasshopper. 4. A bird, the Chataka, (Cuculus melanoleucos.) 5. A fire-fly. E. चि three, शङ्कु a dart, ट aff.

त्रिङ्कुज m. (-जः) A name of HARISCHANDRA, a prince. E. त्रिङ्कु, and ज born, descended from TRISANKU.

विशङ्कु याजिन् m. (-जी) VISWAMITRA, a celebrated sage and saint. E. विशङ्कु, the king so named, and याजिन् causing to worship ; being the family priest of the monarch.

त्रिशरण m. (-णः) A Jina, a sanctified teacher of the Jaina sect. E. त्रि three, (the three worlds,) and शरण protection.

त्रिशला f. (-ला) The mother of VARDHAMANA, the last of the Jaina pontiffs.

त्रिशिख mfn. (-खः खा-खं) Three-crested, three-headed. n. (-खं) 1. A crest, a tiara with three points. 2. A trident, a three pronged spear. m. (-खः) The son of RAVANA, a demon with three heads. E. त्रि three, and शिखा a crest.

त्रिशिरस् mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Three-headed. m. (-रः) A name of KUVERA. 2. Fever personified as a demon with three heads : see त्रिपाद. 3. A son of RAVANA. E. त्रि three, and शिरस् a head.

त्रिशिर्षक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Three-headed. m. (-कः) A trident, tri-pointed spear. E. त्रि three, and शिर्ष a head, affix कन्.

त्रिशूल n. (-लं) A trident, a three-pointed pike or spear, especially the weapon of SIVA. E. चि three or Tri, and शूल a dar.

त्रिशूलिन् m. (-ली) A name of SIVA. E. त्रिशूल, and इनि affix, armed with a trident.

त्रिशङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A hill with three peaks. 2. A triangle. E. त्रि three and शङ्ग a horn.

त्रिशङ्गिन् m. (-ङ्गी) A sort of fish, commonly Rohi, (Cyprinus rohita, HAM.)

त्रिषवण n. (-वं) The three ablutions to be performed in the day or at dawn, noon, and sun-set. E. त्रि three, षवण bathing ; also read त्रिसवन ।

त्रिषवणस्त्रायिन् m. (-त्री) A man performing regularly the prescribed ablutions, at morning, noon, and night. E. चि three, सवन time or period of ablution, and स्त्रायिन् who bathes.

त्रिष्टुप् f. (-ष्टुप्) A form of metre, the stanza consisting of four lines of eleven syllables each, or of five lines, one of eleven and four of eight each, forming altogether forty-four syllables ; there are other varieties.

त्रिष्ठ mfn. (-ष्ठः-ष्ठा-ष्ठं) Situated in three places. E. त्रि, and स्था to be, क aff.

त्रिसन्ध mfn. (-न्धः-न्धा or न्धी-न्धं) The three periods of the day, or dawn, noon, and eve. E. त्रि three, and सन्ध either of the periods.

त्रिसम n. (-सं) An aggregate of three like or equal things. E. त्रि, and सम same.

त्रिसर subst. mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) A dish of sesamum, rice, &c. E. त्रि three, three-fold, and सर what is, from रुट् to go or get, affix ञप् ।

त्रिसवन n. (-नं) Bathing thrice : see त्रिषवण ।

त्रिसीत्य mfn. (-त्यः-त्या-त्यं) Thrice ploughed, (a field, &c.) E. त्रि thrice, and सीत्य ploughed.

त्रिसुपर्ण m. (-र्णः) 1. A portion of the Rig and Yajur Vedas. 2. A observance enjoined by it. 3. A Brahman following it.

त्रिसुपर्णिक m. (-कः) A Trī Suparna Brahman : see the last.

त्रिसीतस् f. (-ताः) 1. The Ganges. 2. Another river. E. त्रि three, and

सीतस् a river, the river of the three worlds, or one with three channels.

त्रिहल mfn. (-ल्यः-ल्ला-ल्यं) Thrice ploughed, (a field, &c.) E. त्रि thrice, हल्य ploughed.

त्रिहायण mfn. (-णः-णी-णं) Three years, (old, &c.) f. (-णी) A three-years-old heifer. E. त्रि, and हायण a year ; also read त्रिहायण ।

चुट् r. 4th cl. (चुट्यति) r. 6th cl. (चुटति) and 10th cl. (चुट्यते) To cut, literally or metaphorically ; to cut, (wood, &c.) to cut or solve, (difficulties, doubts, &c.) दिवा० तुदा० पर० अक० सेट् । चुरा० आत्म० सक० सेट् ।

चुटि f. (-टिः-टी) 1. Cutting, breaking. 2. Loss, destruction. 3. Breaking a promise, &c. 4. Small cardamoms, (Alpinia cardamomum). 5. A short time, a moment. 6. Doubt, uncertainty. 7. (Always feminine, though used attributively.) Little, small. 8. An atom, or a visible atom composed of three subtler elementary particles. E. चुट् to cut or divide, affix इन् and डीप् optionally added.

चुटित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Cut, broken, divided. 2. Hurt, wounded. E. चुट्, and क्त aff.

चुटितवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Chapped, chafed, cut. E. चुट्, and क्तवत् aff.

दुटिवीज m. (-जः) An esculent root : see कचु. E. दुटि small, and वीज a seed.

चुप r. 1st cl. (चोपति) To hurt, to injure or kill.

चुफ r. 1st cl. (चोफति) To hurt, to kill or injure ; also तुफ, तुम्फ, &c.

चुम्प r. 1st cl. (चुम्पति) To hurt or injure : see तुप, तुम्प, &c. भ्वा० पर० सक० सेट् ।

तुम्फ r. 1st cl. (चुम्फति) To kill or injure ; also तुफ, &c. भ्वा० पर० सक० सेट् ।

वेता f. (-ता) 1. The second Yuga or age of the Hindus, consisting of 1,296,000 years. 2. The three sacred fires collectively, or the southern, household, and sacrificial fires. E. त्रि preservation, &c. derived from त्रै to preserve, इत् obtained, got.

वेताग्नि m. (-ग्निः) A man who has preserved the three sacred fires. E. वेता as above, and अग्नि fire.

वेतायुग n. (-युगं) The second or Treta age. E. वेता, and युग age.

वेधा ind. Triple, three-fold, in three ways. E. त्रि three, धा affix, and ए substituted for the vowel.

वै (ड) वैङ् r. 1st cl. (वायते) To preserve, to protect, to cherish, to defend, &c. E. भ्वा० आ० सक० ञनिट् ।

वैगुणिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Giving three times, relating to thrice, three qualities, &c. E. विगुण, and ठक् aff.

वैगुण्य n. (-ण्यं) 1. The quality of three Gunas or properties collectively. 2. A trine, a multiplication by three. E. विगुण, and षञ् aff.

वैदशिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Sacred to the gods, belonging or relating to them. विदश, and ठक् aff. विदशा देवता अस्य ।

वैधम् ind. In three ways, three-fold. E. त्रि three, धमञ् affix ; also ड being added, the word becomes an attributive, and may be inflected in the three genders, also वैध, mfn. (-धः-धी-धं) ।

वैपुर m. (-रः) Tripura or Tipperah : see त्रिपुर. E. स्वार्थे ञण् added to त्रिपुर ।

वैराशिक mf. (-कः-का) (In Arithmetic,) The rule of three : it is of two kinds क्रमवैराशिकः Rule of three direct, व्यस्त or विलोमवैराशिकः Rule of three inverse. E. त्रि three, राशि quantity, ठक् aff.

वैरूप्य n. (-रूप्यं) Three ways or forms. E. त्रि, रूप form, षञ् aff.

वैलोक्य n. (-क्यं) The three worlds, or heaven, hell, and earth. E. विलोक्य and षञ् aff. विलोक्यै एव स्वार्थे षञ् ।

वैलोक्यविजया f. (-या) A sort of hemp from which an intoxicating infusion, &c. is prepared. E. वैलोक्य and विजय subduing ; alluding to its inebriating properties.

वैवर्गिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Relating to the three objects of life. E. विवर्ग, and ठक् aff. विवर्गाय हितम् ।