हादशास nf. (-सं-सी) A parallelopipedon, a dodecagonal figure. E. हादश, and बस an angle.

हापर m. (-र:) 1. The third of the four Yugas or great periods, comprising 864,000 years. 2. The age personified as a god. 3. Doubt, uncertainty. B. हा for दि two, पर after.

हार् f. (हा:) 1. A door, a gate. 2. A means, an expedient, a medium or way by which any thing takes place or is effected. E. ह to cover or hold, in the causal form, affix विच्।

हार n. (-रं) 1. A door, a gate, or rather the door or gateway, a passage, an entrance. 2. A way, a means, a medium or vehicle. E. च to cover, affix अव।

हारक mf. (-क:-का) Dwaraka' the capital of Krishna, supposed to have been submerged by the sea, but represented by a small island of the north part of the Malaber coast. E. दार a way, (to salvation,) affix कन्; also दारिका, दारवती, &c.

हारनस्टन m. (-नः) A door, gate, the door itself. E. हार a doorway, and नस्टन a thorn.

हारकेश m. (-स:) A name of Krishna. E. हारक as above, and ईश master. हारपाद m. (-स:) A warder, a door-keeper. E. हार a door, and पाल who protects; also with कन् added हारपालक, or with the radical finals dropped हारप।

हारपिक्डो f. (-कड़ी) the threshold of a door. E. हार a door, and पिक्ड a ball. हारचल R. (-क्ट्रो) A lock, a bolt. E. हार a door, and चल an instrument. हारवती f. (-ती) The city Dwa'raka'. E. हार a door, and सतुप् poss. affix; also हारावती।

द्वारविश्वज् m. (-भुक्) The Vaka, a sort of crane, (Ardea nivea.) E. दार a door, विव offal or fragments, and भुज् who eats.

हारशाखा f. (-खा) The leaf of a door. B. हार a door, and आखा a branch. हारसाथ m. (-स:) A door-post. E. हार, and साथ a post.

हारख m. (-ख:) A door-keeper. E. हार a gate, and ख who stays.

दारावती f. (ती) Dwa'raka': see दारवती, &c.

हारिक m. (-का:) A door-keeper, a warder. E. हार a door, and उक् affix. f. (-का) Dwa'raka', Krishna's capital: see हारक. E. हार, and उन् aff.

हारिन् m. (-री) A porter, a warder, a door-keeper. E. हार, and इनि aff. हास्य m. (-स्थ:) A door-keeper, a warder. E. हार् a door, स्थ who stays,

and र rejected; also र being changed to Visarga, दा:ख। दास्थित m. (-त:) A door-keeper. E. दार, and स्थित who stays; also दा:स्थित; see the last.

हास्थितदशक m. (-कः) A door-keeper : see हा:स्थितदर्शक, &c.

हि dual only. mf. (-हो) n. (-हे) Two. m. (-हि:) Two, (of times &c.) is only used in composition, as भतिहि a thing more than two, and inflected like other nouns in इ: in composition with other numerals, it is changed to हा, as हादश twelve, हाविंशति twenty-two, हाविंशत् thirty-two, &c.

हिन m. (-न:) 1. A crow. 2. The ruddy goose. E. हि two, and न the letter न, as in नान mfn. (-न:-ना-नं) 1. Two. 2. Twice. 3. Two-fold. E. हि two, नन् pleonastic aff.

दिनतार m. (-र:) A crow. E. दि two or twice, and ननार the letter क, as in नान.

हिनानुद् m. (-द्) A camel. E. दि two, and नानुद् a hump.

हिकर mfn. (-र:-रा-र) Who or what makes two of any thing. E. हि and क to make, अब aff.

दिगु m. (-गु:) A form of grammatical combination, that in which the first member of the compound is a numeral.

हिन्य mfn. (-प:-पा-प') 1. Twice, two times. 2. Multiplied by two, doubled. E. हि two, and नृष number.

हिगुणाञ्चल mfn. (न्त:-ता-तं) Twice ploughed. E. हिगुणा twice, and कृत ploughed.

हिगुचित mfn. (-त:-ता-तं) 1. Doubled, multiplied by two. 2. Folded, doubled 3. Inverted, enveloped. E. दि, and गुज a time, इतच् अर्री.

दिगुणीलत mfn. (-त:-ता तं) 1. Doubled. 2. Increased. E. दिगुण twice, जत made, चि augment.

[360]

दिगुणीसूत mfn. (-त:-ता-तं) 1. Doubled. 2. Augmented. B. दिगुण twice, स्त become, च् augment.

हिज mfn. (-ज: जा-जं) 1. Twice born. 2. Oviparous. m. (-ज:) 1. A man of either of the three first classes, a Brahman, a Kshetriya or a Vaisya whose investiture with the characteristic string, at years of puberty, constitutes, religiously and metaphorically, their second birth. 2. Any oviparous animal, as a bird, a snake, a fish, &c. first born in the shell, and in the second instance produced from it. 3. A tooth. 4. Coriander seed. f. (-जा) 1. A sort of perfame also called Renuka'. 2. A plant. (Siphonanthus Indicus.) 3. Kundur or gum olebanum. E. दि two, and ज born. दि: जायते।

दिजनुत्सित m. (-त:) A tree, (Cordia myxa.) E. दिज a bird, नुत्सित reviled, disregarded दिजे: नुत्सित:। (नीना चाता) दिजानां तहचण निषेधात् तथालम्।

हिजन्मन् mfn. (-न्या-न्या-न्या) 1. Twice born, regenerate. 2. Oviparous m. (-न्या) 1. A tooth. 2. A Brahman. 3. A bird. 4. A man of the three first classes. 5. Any oviparous animal; see हिज. E. हि twice, जन्मन् birth.

दिजदास m. (-स:) A Sudra or man of the fourth and servile tribe. E. दिज a man of either of the three first castes, and दास a slave.

हिजपति m. (-ति:) The moon. E. हिज a Brahman, and पति master. १चन्द्री २ कर्प्र 8 हिजये हे ५ पश्चिये हे ६ गढड़े।

हिजप्रपा f. (-पा) A trough near a well for watering birds, cattle, &c. E. हिज a bird, &c. and प्र prefixed to पा to drink, affixes अङ् and टाप्-हिजार्थे पर्चिषसुद्धिय प्रपा। आलवाले।

हिजपिय infn. (-य:-या-यं) Acceptable or friendly to a man of the three first classes, or a Brahman especially. f. (-या) The moonplant, (Asclepias acida.) E. हिज a Brahman, and प्रिय beloved, the acid juice being drank at certain sacrifices.

हिजब व m. (-व:) A Brahman by birth only, one not studied or not practising the duties of his caste. E. हिज a Brahman, and ब व who speaks.

ৰিল্যাল m. (-ল:) 1. The moon. 2. The great serpent Ananta 3. The bird and vehicle of Vishnu. 4. Camphor. E. বিল a snake or bird, and যাল king. see বিল্পান.

ৰিজালিস্থিল m. (-ক্ষ্মী) 1. A Kshetriya or man of the military tribe 2.

An impostor, a pretended Brahman, wearing the distinguishing mark of that tribe without belonging to it. E. বিল twice born, and লিক্ষ a mark, বুলি aff.

[excellent.

दिजवर्य m. (-या:) An excellent or superior Brahman. B. दिज and बयाँ दिजवर्ष m. (-या:) Gumboil, toothache. E. दिज a tooth, वर्ष a sore.

ৰিলম্ম m. (-ম:) A sort of pulse; also called Ra'ja-ma'sh-kalai and Barbatti, (Dolichos catjang.) E. ৰিল a Brahman, and ম্ম cursed; it is a prohibited food on some occasions.

हिजग्रम् पा f. (-पा) Service of the three first classes, especially of the Brahmans, by the forth. E. हिज and ग्रम् पा service.

दिजसत्तम m. (-म:) A respectable Brahman. E. दिज and सत्तम best; also दिजयर दिजप्रवर &c.

दिजसेवक m. (-क:) A Sudra or man of the fourth and servile class. B. दिज a man of the three fiast classes, and सेवक a servant.

दिजसीवा f. (-वा) Service of the three first classes, especially of the Brahman by the fourth. E. दिज, and सेवा service.

दिजारा m. (-या:) A chief or respectable Brahman. E. दिज, and अया first.

दिजाङ्गी f. (-ङ्गी) A medicinal plant; also जटुरीहिसी।

दिजाति f. (-ति:) 1. A Brahman. 2. A man of either of the three first classes. 3. Any oviparous animal, as a bird, a snake, &c. ह. दि two, जाति birth. दि: जाति: जन्म यस्य।