complete the obsequial rites. E पूर् to fill, aff. जुन्-पूरकत min. (-त:-ता-तं) Filled E. पूर्, and जन made.

mfn. (ज: जा-जो-जो Filling, completing. n. (-जो) 1. Act of filling, completing or making up. 2. The final obsequial ball or cake. 3. Multiplication, (in arithmetic) 4. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) 5. Rain, raining. nf. (-जं-जो) The cross threads in weaving a piece of cloth. m. (-ज:) 1. A bridge, a causeway. 2. The ocean. 3. A medicinal oil or embrocation. f. (-जो) The silk cotton tree. s. जूर to fill, अर्थ. इ. उर युष्

व्रवप्रवय m. (-यू:) An affix forming an ordinal.

प्रियत min. (-ता बी-द) Filling. E. प्र to fill, हच् अर्ी.

अर्थिका Ind. Having filled. E. पर to fill, काच aff.

प्रिका f. (-का) A sort of unleavened cake, fried with Ghee or oil. E. पूरी, as above, aff. कन.

सुरित mfn. (-त:-ता-तं) 1. Filled, full, complete. 2. Multiplied. 3. Overspread. इ. प्र to be full, aff. का।

पुत्र m. (-प:) Man, male, mankind. E. पूर् to be full, (the world,) aff. उपन्; it is also written, पुरुष &c.

पूर्ण r. 10th cl. (पूर्णयति-त) To accumulate, to collect or heap together.

पूर्च mfn. (-र्ण:-प्री-प्र) 1. Full, filled, complete. 2. All, entire. 3. Strong, powerful, able. 4. Selfish, self-indulgent. f. (-प्री) 1. Fifth, tenth, or fifteenth day of the half month. 2. Full moon. E. पूर् to be full, aff. क, form irr.

पूर्ण क m. (-क:) 1. A cock. 2. A kind of tree. f. (-fuंका) A sort of bird, described as having a double or cleft heak; also नासाच्छिती. ह. पूर्ण full, जन aff.

पूर्णकक्द Adj. Full-humped.

पूर्णकाम mfn. (-म:-मा-मं) Satisfied, satiated. B. पूर्ण fulfilled, काम desire, पूर्णकाम m. (-म:) 1. A water vessel, one filled with holy water, used at the consecration of a king. 2. A full cup or jar. B. पूर्ण full, and कुन्म a water jar.

पूर्णपान n. (-न) 1. A full cup or vessel. 2. A vessel filled with clothes or ornaments, which are scrambled for by the guests and relations at a festival. 3. A vessel full of rice, presented at a sacrifice to the superintending and officiating priests; the Pu'rn'a Pa'tra is properly a measure of 256 handfuls of rice; it may also be composed of as much as will satisfy one great eater. E. पूर्ण full, and पान a vessel.

पूर्णमा f. (-मा) The day of full moon. E. पूर्ण full, मा the moon ; also पूर्णमा, &c.

पूर्णनास m. (-स:) A monthly sacrifice, performed on the day of full moon, salso पौर्यमास. f. (-सी) Day of full moon, s. पूर्ण complete, मास the month.

पूर्ण(वी)बीज m. (-ज:) The citron. E. पूर्ण, and बीज seed.

पूर्णानक n. (-कं) l. A vessel full of clothes, &c. at a feast : see पूर्णपात.
2. The sound of a drum. 3. A moon-beam. E. पूर्ण full, सन् to go, or be, aff. मृन् ; also read पूर्णाचक.

प्रणालक n. (-को) A vessel of clothes or ornaments to be scrambled for. B. पूर्ण full, अल् to ornament, aff. खुल्; also sometimes written पूर्णानक.

पूर्ण f. (-सा) Day of full moon. B. पूर्ण full, (the moon,) इसक् aff. पूर्ण ल (-न्द्र:) The moon, the full moon. B. पूर्ण, and इन्हु the moon.

पूर्णीपमा f. (-मा) A complete simile, in which the four requisites, namely उपमान, उपमान, साधारणभूमी, and उपमानाचक must all be expressed.

प्रक्री mfn. (-त: ता-त्त) 1. Filled, full, complete. 2. Covered, concealed. n. (-त्त) 1. An act of pious liberality, as digging a well, planting a grove, building a temple, &c. 2. Nourishing, cherishing. It is thus defined in Va chaspatya:—"वायीक्ष्यतङ्ग्राति देवता यतनानि च। यज्ञ प्रदानमाराम: प्रतिम्थिभिचीयते"॥ म. प्र to cherish or fill, aff. क्र, and the vowel changed.

पूर्ति f. (-कि:)1. Fu lness, completion. 2. Satisfaction s. पू to satisfy or fill, aff. तिज्ञ। [satisfy, चिनि aff. पूर्तिज्ञ mfn. (-की-किंजी-किं) Filling, completing. 2. Effective. s. पू to पूर्व r. lst cl. (पूर्व्यक्ति) To fill. 10th cl. (पूर्व्यक्तिते) 1. To dwell. 2. To

invite : the root is written either पूर्व or पूर्व । विमन्तपे सका निवासे

श्रवा चु डिभ सेट्। श्रन्तखात् स्वा प सेट्।

पूर्व mfn. (-बं:-ब्रॉ-बें) 1. First, former, prior, preceding, initial. 2. East, eastern. 3. All, entire. 4. Before, in front of, m. plu. (-ब्रॉ:) Ancestors, forefathers. f. (-ब्रॉ) The east. n. (-ब्रें) An ancient tradition. s. पूर्व or पूर्व to fill, to dwell, &c. aff. च्य ; hence to derivative and its compounds may be written either with द or द; the second of the duplicate consonants may also be rejected, making it पूर्व or पूर्व ।

पूर्वक min. (-क:-का-का) Prior, before, preceding m. (-क:) A forefather.

ह. पूर्व, and कन added.

पूर्वकल्प m. (-ल:) Former times.

पूर्वकाल n. (-लं) Former time. E. पूर्व, and काल time. [and ख aff. पूर्वकालीन mfn. (-न:-ना-नं) Ancient, belonging to former times. E. पूर्वकाल, पूर्वकाला f. (-लं) The east, the eastern quarter. E. पूर्व, and काल quarter. पूर्वकात mfn. (-त:-ता-तं) Done formerly, or in a prior existance. E. पूर्व, and काल done. [question.

পুৰ্ননাতি f. (-তি) The starting point, the first statement of a debatable পুৰ্বালয় f. (-ত্না) The Narmad'a river. E. পুৰ্বা formerly, (called) ৰত্না the Ganges.

पूर्वचीदित mfn. (-त:-ता-तं) Formerly stated, before-mentioned, aforesaid. ह. पूर्व, and चीदिव said.

পুৰ্জন mfn. (-ল: লা-লা) 1. Born or produced before, either in time or place. 2. Eastern, born in the east. 3. Elder. m. (-ল:) 1. An elder brother. 2. The son of the elder wife, even though last born. m. plu. (-লা:) 1. The deified progenitors of mankind 2. Ancestors, forefathers in general. z. und formerly or first, or born.

पूर्विजन m. (-न:) A Bauddha teacher; also Manjughosha. m. plu. (-ना:) The twenty-four Jinas or Jaina saints of a former æra. E. पूर्व, and जिन a Jina.

पूर्वतन mfn. (-न:-ना-नं) Former. E. पूर्व, and तनर aff.

पूर्व्वदिक्पति m. (-ति:) A name of INDRA. E. पूर्व east, दिश् quarter, and

पूर्व्वदिश् f. (-दिक्) The eastern region. E. पूर्व, and दिश् a quarter.

पूर्वहर min. (-ए:-ए।-ए) Formerly seen. E. पूर्व, and इर seen.

पूर्वदेश m. (-व:) 1. An Asura or demon. 2. A Pitri, or progenitor. E. पूर्व before, देव a god; the first being the elder offspring of Kasyapa, the parent of both gods and demons, and the second being the progenitor of gods and men.

पूर्वादेवता f. (-ता) A primeval deity, a Pitri or progenitor of gods as well as men. E. पूर्व, and देवता a divinity.

पूर्व देश m. (-श:) The eastern country, or eastern part of India. E. पूर्व eastern, देश country.

पूर्वेदेह m. (-इ:) A former body, a prior existence, E. पूर्व, and देह body. पूर्वपच m. (-इ:) l. A proposition, an assertion; the first part of an argument, to which assent or refutation is necessary. 2. The first half of a lunar month. E. पूर्व first, पच argument, &c.

पूर्वपचपाद m. (-द:) The first division of legal proceeding, the plaint. r. पूर्वपच, and पाद quarter.

पूर्वपद n. (-दं) The first member of a compounded word, of a sentence, a verse. &c. इ. पूर्व preceeding, and पद a ward, &c.

पूर्वपदिक min. (-क:-का-कं) Relating to the first member of a compound term. B. पूर्वपद, and इकन् aff.

पूर्वप्रवेत m. (-त:) The eastern mountain, behind which to sun is supposed to rise. B. पूर्व eastern, and प्रवेत a mountain. [undertaken. पूर्वप्रकृत mfn. (-त:-ता-त') Formerly fixed, or done. E. पूर्व, and प्रवत्त