

any vehicle or mode of conveyance. 3. A limb, a member. 4. The body. 5. A foot. 6. A sort of cane, (Calamus rotang.) E. रम् to sport, Unádi aff. कथन। [multitude.

रथकड्या f. (ठ्या) A multitude of cars. E. रथ a car, and कड्यच् aff. of रथकार m. (-रः) A carpenter. E. रथ a car, and कर who makes; also रथकार and रथकृत।

रथकल्पक m. (-कः) An officer who has charge of a king's chariots.

रथकार m. (-रः) 1. A carpenter. 2. A man sprung from the male of the Māhisya, and woman of the Keren' or writer caste; by profession, a maker of cars, a coach-maker. E. रथ, कार who makes.

रथकुटुम्बिन् m. (-म्बि) A charioteer. E. रथ a car, कुटुम्बिन् who takes care of as a part of his family.

रथकुवर mn. (-रः-र) The polar shaft of a carriage. [embryo, कन् aff.

रथगर्भक m. (-कः) A car or litter borne on men's shoulders. E. रथ, गर्भं an रथगुप्ति f. (-गुप्ति) A piece of wood, or an iron net-work, encompassing a war-chariot, to secure it from being injured by weapons or collision. E. रथ car, गुप्ति screening, preserving; also रथगोपन n. (-नं).

रथचरण m. (-चः) 1. The ruddy-goose. 2. A chariot-wheel. E. रथ a car, and चरण the foot.

रथद्रु m. (-द्रुः) A timber tree, (Dalbergia ougeiniensis.) E. रथ a car, द्रु the tree, the wood being used for wheels, &c.; also रथद्रु म. (-मः)।

रथन्तर n. (-रः) The Sa'ma-Ve'da. E. रथ (as by) a car, तृ to pass, (the world,) खच् aff.

रथपर्याय m. (-यः) A sort of cane, the ratan. E. रथ a car, पर्याय order.

रथपाद m. (-दः) 1. A wheel. 2. The ruddy-goose. E. रथ, पाद the foot.

रथसा f. (-सा) The name of a river.

रथयात्रा f. (-त्रा) A festival at which the chariots of the gods go in procession: in Bengal and Orissa it is applied to the procession of KRI'SHNA', as JAGANNA'TH, on the second of light fortnight of A'sā'ra. E. रथ, and यात्रा going.

रथवाहक m. (-कः) A charioteer. E. रथ and वाहक what conveys.

रथशक्ति f. (-क्ति) The staff which supports the banner of a war-chariot.

रथाङ्ग n. (-ङ्ग) 1. A wheel. 2. Any part of a carriage. m. (-ङ्गः) The ruddy-goose, (Anas casarca.) E. रथ a car, अङ्ग a member,

रथाङ्गपाणि m. (-पाणि) A name of VISHN'U. E. रथाङ्ग a wheel, (the discus with which one of his hands is armed,) and पाणि the hand; also रथाङ्गिन् and the like. [a cloud or water.

रथास m. (-सः) A sort of cane, (Calamus rotang.) "वितसवल्हे". E. रथ, अस रथासपुष्प m. (-पुष्प) A sort of reed: see the last. E. रथास the same, and पुष्प a flower; also रथ, रथास, and असपुष्प। [mounted.

रथारूढ mfn. (-ढः-ढा-ढ) Mounted on or riding in a car. E. रथ, आरूढ रथारोहण n. (-हण) 1. Riding in a car. 2. Fighting in a war-chariot.

रथारोहिन् mfn. (-हो-हो-हो-हो) Riding in a car. m. (-हो) A warrior who fights in a car. E. रथ a car, and आरोहिन् who mounts.

रथार्भक m. (-कः) A small car. E. रथ, and अर्भक small.

रथावरोहण n. (-हण) Alighting for a car. E. रथ, and अवरोहण descending.

रथावरोहिन् mfn. (-हो-हो-हो-हो) Descending from a car. [aff.

रथिक m. (-कः) The owner of a car, or one who rides in it. E. रथ, इन् रथिन् m. (-थी) 1. A warrior who fights in a car. 2. The owner of or rider in a car. E. रथ, and इनि aff.

रथिन m. (-नः) The master of a car. E. रथ, and इन् a master.

रथिर m. (-रः) The owner of or rider in a car. E. रथ, and इरच् aff.

रथोपस्थ m. (-स्थः) The charioteer's seat for driving. E. रथ, उप near, स्थ what stays.

रथ्य m. (-थ्यः) A car or carriage-horse. f. (-थ्या) 1. A multitude of cars. 2. A high street. 3. A main or carriage-road. 4. A place where several roads meet. n. (थ्यं) A wheel. E. रथ a car, य or यत् affixes of multitude or fitness.

रद r. 1st cl. (रदति) 1. To divide, to split, to tear or break. 2. To dig, to delve, to root.

रद m. (-दः) 1. A tooth. 2. Splitting, dividing. E. रद to divide, aff. चच्।

रदच्छद m. (-दः) A lip. E. रद a tooth, and च्छद covering. [खुट

रदन m. (-नः) A tooth. n. (-नं) Tearing, rending. E. रद to divide, aff. रदनच्छद m. (-दः) A lip. E. रदन a tooth, and च्छद covering.

रदिन् m. (-दी) An elephant. E. रद a tooth, tusk, and इनि aff.

रद्ध mfn. (-द्धः-द्धा-द्ध) Hurt, injured. E. रध् to hurt, क्त aff. [hurt, दृच् aff.

रद्धृ mfn. (-द्धृ-द्धी-द्धृ) Injurious, hurtful, who or what hurts. E. रध् to रध् (छ, छ) लृरधु r. 4th cl. (रधति) 1. To finish, to complete, to accomplish. 2. To hurt, to injure or kill. 3. To be right or correct. 4. To cook or mature.

रधित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Hurt, injured. E. रध् to hurt, क्त aff.

रधित mfn. (-ता-द्वी-द्व) Injurious, hurtful. E. रध् to hurt, दृच् aff. [aff.

रति f. (-तिः) 1. Pleasure, sport. 2. Cessation, stop. E. रस् to sport, क्तिच् रतिदेव m. (-वः) 1. A name of VISHN'U. 2. A king of lunar dynasty; also called S'ASIDE'VA. 3. A dog. E. रति sport, देव deity.

रतु f. (-तुः) 1. A road. 2. A river. E. रस् to sport, aff. तु। [खु ल् aff.

रत्नक mfn. (कः-का-कं) Injurious, hurtful. m. (-कः) A cook. E. रध् to hurt, रत्न n. (-नं) 1. The act of destroying. 2. Of cooking.

रत्न्य n. (-न्यः) 1. A hole, a fissure, a cavity, a chasm. 2. A fault, a defect. E. रस् to sport, aff. क्तिप्, छ् to have or hold, aff. क।

रत्न्यवसु m. (-सुः) A rat. E. रत्न्य a hole, and वसु an ichneumon.

रत्न्यवंश m. (-शः) Small sort of hollow bamboo. "तल्ला वांश"।

रप् r. 1st cl. (रपति) To speak, to say or tell. [injure or kill

रफ् (इ) रफि r. 1st cl. (रफति रफति) 1. To go, to move. 2. To hurt, to रव् (इ) रवि r. 1st cl. (रवति-ते) 1. To sound. 2. To go.

रब्ज mfn. (-ब्जः-ब्जा-ब्ज) Begun. E. रम् to begin, क्त aff. [दृच् aff.

रब्ज mfn. (-ब्जा-ब्जी-ब्ज) Beginning, who or what begins. E. रम् to begin, रम् (बी) औ रभ r. 1st cl. (रभते) or more usually (आरभते) To begin, to make a beginning, to begin willingly, &c. 2. To be pleased with. (इ) रभि r. 1st cl. (रभते) To sound. With परि prefixed, To embrace. With सप्त, 1. To be enraged, 2. To be agitated.

रभस m. (-सः) 1. Speed, velocity. 2. Joy, delight. 3. Consideration of causes and events, or the past and future. 4. Regret, sorrow for something lost or absent. 5. Rashness, Precipitation. 6. Passion, rage. f. (-सा) 1. Violent, fierce, wild. 2. Eager, strong, powerful. E. रभ to begin, असच् Unádi aff.

रम् (औ, उ) औरम् r. 1st cl. (रमते) 1. To sport or play. 2. To rest, to stay. 3. To be pleased. 4. To have sexual intercourse with. With अभि, To be delighted. With some prefixes this root forms an active verb, as with आङ्, उप and वि; आरमति to rest, to repose, &c.; with उप the form is optional, if the sense is intransitive, as (उपरमति or ते) 1. To stop or cease. 2. To desist from. 3. To die. Caus. (रमयति-ते) To amuse, to please.

रम mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) 1. Dear, beloved. 2. Pleasing, delighting, charming. m. (-मः) 1. A husband, a lover. 2. KA'MA. 3. A red variety of the As'oka tree, (Jonesia asoca.) f. (-मा) 1. A name of LAKSHMI'. 2. A wife, a mistress. E. रस् to sport, aff. चच्।

रमक m. (-कः) A lover, a gallant. E. रस् to sport, क्नुन् aff.

रमठ n. (-ठः) Asafœtida. "हिङ्गुनि", E. रस् to sport, चटन् aff.

रमठधनि m. (-निः) Asafœtida. रमठ इतिशब्देन धन्यते धन-इन्।

रमथ mfn. (-थः-था-थं) Causing pleasure, pleasing, charming, delightful. n. (-थं) 1. Sporting, playing. 2. Dalliance, amorous sport. 3. Coition, copulation. 4. The mons veneris. 5. A sort of cucumber. 6. The hip and the loins. m. (-थः) 1. A name of KA'MA. or love. 2. A husband. 3. A lover, a gallant. 4. An ass. 5. A testicle. f. (था or -थी) 1. A woman, or an agreeable woman, a wife, a mistress, &c. 2. A kind of metre, having eleven syllables in the first and third, and twelve in the second and fourth Pádas of every stanza. E. रस् to sport, युच् or लृट् aff. fem. aff., टाप् or डीच्।