

rescission of sale and purchase ; 9. स्वामिपाक्षयोर्विवादः disputes between master and servant; 10. सीमाविवादः disputes about boundaries ; 11. वाक्पात्र्य' defamation, abuse ; 12. दण्डपात्र्य' assault ; 13. स्तेयं theft, larceny ; 14. सार्वसं robbery, and other violence ; 15. स्त्रीसंग्रह्य' adultery ; 16. स्त्रीपुंघनैः duties of man and wife ; 17. विभागः portioning of property, inheritance ; 18. ब्रूतं gambling of any kind as fighting animals, laying wagers, &c. E. व्यवहार legal process, and विषय object. [legal procedure, स्थान place.

व्यवहारस्थान n. (-न्) A title of jurisprudence : see व्यवहारविषय. E. व्यवहार व्यवहाराङ्ग n. (-ङ्ग) The body of civil and criminal law.

व्यवहाराभिग्रह mfn. (-स्तः-स्ता-स्त) Prosecuted, accused, proceeded against legally. E. व्यवहार and अभिग्रह accused.

व्यवहारायोग्य mfn. (-न्यः-न्या-न्य) Unfitted or unsuited to legal proceedings. m. (-न्यः) 1. A minor. 2. One incompetent to conduct business. E. व्यवहार and अयोग्य unfit.

व्यवहारिक mfn. (-क्तः-क्त or कौ-क्त) 1. Customary, usual. 2. Engaged in customary duty or avocation. 3. Connected with or relating to legal process. 4. Litigant, being party to a suit. E. व्यवहार, उन् aff.

व्यवहारिका f. (-का) 1. Usage, custom. 2. A brush, a broom. 3. A plant, commonly called Ingudi'. E. क्व added to व्यवहार, fem. form.

व्यवहारिन् mfn. (-रि-रिणी-रि) 1. Litigant, litigating, engaged in a lawsuit. 2. Relating to legal process. 3. Customary, usual. 4. Following one's ordinary affairs or avocation. E. व्यवहार and इनि aff.

व्यवहारीयं mfn. (-र्यः-र्या-र्य) 1. To be observed or practised, as a duty or avocation, customary, usual. 2. Actionable, subject to legal process. E. वि and अव before ह् to take or convey, यत् aff. [चञ् aff.

व्यवहास m. (-सः) Mutual laughter. E. वि and अव before ह्स् to laugh, व्यवहित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Placed or situated contiguously to, attached or adhering to, &c. 2. Intervening, separating. 3. Covered, concealed. 4. Excelled, surpassed, put to shame. 5. Done, acted, performed. 6. Not immediately connected. 7. Obstructed. 8. Omitted, passed over. E. वि and अव before घ् to have or hold, aff. क्त ।

व्यवहति f. (-तिः) Practice, performance.

व्यवहय m. (-यः) 1. Copulation. 2. Covering, disappearance. 3. Purity. 4. Interval, space. 5. Separation, decomposition. 6. Obstacle. n. (-यं) Light, lustre. E. वि and अव before ह्ष् to go, aff. चञ् ।

व्यवहियन् mfn. (-यी-यिनी-यि) 1. Lecherous. 2. Pervading, diffusive. m. (-यी) 1. A lecher, a libertine. 2. A drug, an aphrodisiac. 3. Any article that produces general excitement, as wine, poison, &c. E. व्यवहय copulation, and इनि aff.

व्यवेत f. (-ता) Separated, decomposed. [vade, शानच् aff.

व्यवहान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Occupying, pervading. E. वि before अच् to pervade

व्यवहृष्टि f. (-ष्टिः) 1. Singleness. 2. Distributive pervasion. 3. A whole viewed as consisting of many separate objects, (as opposed to समष्टिः,) (in Ve'dānta phil.)

व्यसन n. (-नं) 1. Calamity, misfortune. 2. Fate. 3. Fault, vice, crime, frailty, arising from desire, or from anger ; ten vices or faults are enumerated under the first head; viz :—hunting, gambling, sleeping in the day, calumny, whoring, dancing, singing, playing, idle roaming, and drinking; the second comprehends eight; viz :—depravity, violence, injury, envy, malice, fraud, abuse, and assault. 4. Sin. 5. Fated consequence. 6. Evil-destiny, ill-luck. 7. Fruitless effort. 8. Incompetence, inability. 9. Intent, application or attachment to an object. 10. Falling, (as opposed to उदयः) 11. Air, wind. 12. Individuality. 13. Loss, destruction. 14. Violation, infraction. 15. Punishment. E. वि before अच् to throw, &c., aff. लुट् ।

व्यसनप्रह्वारिन् mfn. (-रि-रिणी-रि) Troublesome, giving trouble or pain. E. व्यसन and प्रह्वारिन् taking.

व्यसनात्, mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्त) Afflicted, suffering pain or calamity. E. व्यसन misfortune, and आत् affected.

व्यसनिता f. (-ता) 1. Wickedness. 2. Calamity. E. व्यसनिन्, तल् aff.; also with त्, व्यसनिता ।

व्यसनिन् mfn. (-नी-निनी-नि) 1. Addicted to evil practices, as to gaming drinking, wenching, &c. 2. Excessively attached to any object. E. व्यसनिन्, तल् aff. Calamitous, unfortunate. E. व्यसन vice, and इनि aff.

व्यसनीय m. (-यः) A profligate, a debauchee. E. व्यसन and ह् aff.

व्यसु mfn. (-सुः-सुः-सु) Inanimate, lifeless. E. वि priv., असु breath.

व्यस्त mfn. (-स्तः-स्ता-स्त) 1. Confounded, confused, bewildered. 2. Pervaded, penetrated, spread. 3. Present and essential, or inherent in all the parts of any thing, in opposition to the Samasta, or that which pervades the whole together. 4. Reverse, inverse. 5. Opposite. 6. Opposed to, set or struck against. 7. Tossed, thrown up or about. 8. Reversed, inverted. 9. Different, manifold. 10. Divided, severed. 11. Simple, uncompounded. E. वि severally, &c. अच् to be or pervade, aff. क्त ।

व्यस्ता f. (-ता) 1. Agitation, bewilderment. 2. Severalty, individuality. 2. Inherence. E. व्यस्त, and तल् aff.; also with त्, व्यस्ता ।

व्यस्तपद् n. (-पद्) 1. Perplexed and indistinct statement, want of precision in an accusation or defence, (in law.) 2. (In grammar,) A simple or uncompounded word. E. व्यस्त perplexed, पद् a sentence, &c.

व्यस्तविधि f. (-धिः) Inversion, rule for inversion. E. व्यस्त, and विधि rule

व्यस्तार n. (-रः) The issue of the fluid from the temples of the elephant. E. व्यस्त pervaded, ह् to go, aff. च ।

व्यस्त mfn. (-स्तः-स्ता-स्त) Done or produced, &c. in two days. E. वि severally, and अच् for अह्न् a day.

व्याकरण n. (-णं) 1. The science of grammar, considered as one of the six Ve'dāngas. 2. Explaining, expounding. E. वि and आङ् before क्त to make or do, ल्युट् aff. [form

व्याकार m. (-रः) 1. Change of form. 2. Deformity. E. वि and आङ् व्याकीर्ण mfn. (-र्णः-र्णा-र्ण) Scattered, tossed, or thrown about or away. E. वि and आङ् before क् to scatter, क्त aff.

व्याकुल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Confounded, bewildered, perplexed, overcome with fear, &c. 2. Busily engaged in. E. वि before आकुल the same.

व्याकुलता f. (-ता) Perplexity, agitation, alarm. E. तल् added to the last also with त्, व्याकुलता । मनस् the mind

व्याकुलमनस् mfn. (-नाः-नाः-नः) Agitated, flurried, bewildered. E. व्याकुल व्याकुलित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Agitated, flurried, perplexed. E. व्याकुल, इत् aff. [sound, aff. क्तिन्

व्याकृति f. (-तिः) Fraud, deception, disguise. E. वि and आङ् before क्त् व्याकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Expounded, explained, made clear. 2. Transformed, changed. E. वि and आङ् before क्त to make, क्त aff.

व्याकृति f. (-तिः) 1. Explaining, making clear. 2. Grammar. 3. Change of form. E. वि and आङ् before क्त to make, क्तिन् aff.

व्याकीर्ण mfn. (-र्णः-र्णा-र्ण) Budded, blown. E. वि and आङ् implying separation, and कीर्ण or कीष a sheath ; also व्याकीर्ण ।

व्याकीर्ण mfn. (-र्णः-र्णा-र्ण) Budded, blown, (as a flower.) E. See the last.

व्याचये m. (-यः) 1. Tossing about. 2. Delay, hindrance.

व्याख्या f. (-ख्या) 1. Exposition, explanation, gloss, comment. 2. Communication. E. वि and आङ् before ख्या to relate, aff. अच्, चञ्, अङ् and टाप् affs. ; also with ल्युट् aff. व्याख्यान n. (-नं) ।

व्याख्यागम्य n. (-म्य) Indistinct averment, proceeding from grammatical inaccuracy or faulty construction. E. व्याख्या an explanation, an आगम्य to be attained.

व्याख्यात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Spoken, said. 2. Conquered, overcome. 3. Explained, expounded. 4. Related, narrated, told. E. वि and आङ् before ख्या to say, aff. क्त ।

व्याख्यान n. (-नं) 1. Narration, speech. 2. Explanation, interpretation, exposition. E. वि and आङ् before ख्या to say, ल्युट् aff.

व्याख्येय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be explained or described. E. वि and आङ् before ख्या to say, यत् aff.