

सिन्धु जन्मन् m. (-न्ना) The moon. n. (-न्ना) Rock-salt. E. सिन्धु the sea, &c., जन्मन् birth.

सिन्धु नन्दन m. (-नः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. E. सिन्धु the ocean, and नन्दन the son; being produced at the churning of the ocean.

सिन्धुनाथ m. (-थः) The ocean. E. सिन्धु a river, नाथ lord. [पुत्र offspring.]

सिन्धुपुत्र m. (-त्रः) 1. A sort of ebony. 2. The moon. E. सिन्धु the sea, &c., सिन्धुपुत्र m. (-थः) A conch. E. सिन्धु the sea, पुत्र a flower. [तान्,] ज born.

सिन्धु मन्थन n. (-जः) Rock-salt. E. सिन्धु मन्थ the ocean-churning, (a moun-  
सिन्धु र m. (-रः) An elephant. E. स्वन्द् to ooze, the (ichor from his temples,) उरच् aff., and the form irr.

सिन्धु रवेविन् m. (-वी) A lion. E. सिन्धु र an elephant, and वे विन् enemy.

सिन्धु लवण n. (-णः) Rock-salt. E. सिन्धु Sindh, and लवण salt.

सिन्धु वार m. (-रः) 1. A horse of a good breed, brought probably from Sindh or the borders of India and Persia. 2. A small tree, (Vitex negundo.) E. सिन्धु the country or the sea, व् to choose or screen. aff. वच् ; also सिन्धुवार in the second sense; with कन् added. सिन्धु वारक । सिन्धु वारित m. (-तः) A small tree, (Vitex negundo.) E. सिन्धु the sea, and वारित selected or chosen.

सिन्धु वेवण m. (-णः) A plant, (Gmelina arborea.)

सिन्धु शयन m. (-नः) VISHN'U. E. सिन्धु the ocean, and शयन a couch.

सिन्धु सङ्गम m. (-मः) The mouth of a river, or its point of junction with the sea. E. सिन्धु the sea, सङ्गम confluence.

सिन्धु इव n. (-वः) Rock-salt. E. सिन्धु Sindh, and उव produced.

सिन्धु पल n. (-लः) Rock-salt. E. सिन्धु Sindh, and उपला a stone.

सिन्धु r. 1st cl. (सिन्धति) To wet.

सिप्र m. (-प्रः) 1. Perspiration, sweat. 2. The moon. f. (-प्रा) 1. The Sipur, a river near Oujein. 2. A woman's zone. 3. A female buffalo.

सिम m. (-मः) All, entire. f. (-मा) Adj. Every. E. सि to bind, मन् Unadi aff.

सिम्वा f. (-स्वा-स्विः or -स्वी) A legume, a pod: see सिम्वा, &c. [form. सिम्बिका f. (-का) Grain in pods, as pulse, &c. E. सिम्वा a pod, कन् aff., fem. सिम m. (-रः) The root of long-pepper. f. (-रा) 1. Any tubular vessel of the body, or one so considered, as a nerve, a vein, an artery, a tendon, &c. 2. A bucket. E. सि to bind, aff. रक्, form irr.; also सिम । सिराजाल m. (-लः) 1. A plexus of vessels. 2. Enlargement of the vessels of the eye. E. सिरा, and जाल a net.

सिरामीच m. (-चः) Venesection. E. सिरा a vein, and मीच loosing.

सिराव्यध m. (-धः) Venesection. E. सिरा, व्यध piercing; also सिराव्यधन । सिराहर्ष m. (-र्षः) Flow of discoloured tears. E. सिरा, हर्ष joy. [affliction. सिरोत्पात m. (-तः) Redness and inflammation of the eyes. E. सिरा, उत्पात सिङ्गकी f. (-की) The gum Olibanum tree, (Boswellia thurifera.) E. See सङ्गकी, the इ being substituted for च । सिवर m. (-रः) An elephant. E. सि-क्वरप् aff. सिषड्यामयिषु mfn. (-षुः-षुः-षु) Wishing or intending to make war. E. सड्याम to make war, desid. v., उ aff. सिषाधयिषा f. (-षा) Wish or purpose to effect, prove, &c. E. षाच् to accomplish, desid. form, षड् and टप् affs. सिषाधयिषु mfn. (-षुः-षुः-षु) Desirous to accomplish, to prove, &c. E. षाच् to accomplish, desid. v., उ aff. [षड् and टप् affs. सिष्टा f. (-त्ता) Wish or purpose to create. E. सृज् to create, desid. v., सिष्ट mfn. (-सृः-सृः-सृ) Wishing or purposing to create. E. सृज् to create, desid. v., उ aff. [सृष्टि and सिष्टु । उड्ड m. (-ड्डः) The milk-hedge plant, (Euphorbia antiquorum;) also उड्ड m. (-ड्डः) Incense, gum Benjamin or Olibanum, &c. E. सिष्ट् to be affectionate, to love, लक aff., form irr.; also with कन् added, सिष्टक m. (-कः). [fem. aff. सिष्टी f. (-की) The Olibanum tree. E. सिष्ट incense, कन् added and डीष् लभूमिका f. (-का) The Olibanum tree, (Boswellia thurifera.) E. सिष्ट incense, भूमि place, site, and कन् added. क् r. 1st cl. (सीकते) 1. To sprinkle, to scatter in drops. 2. To go, to move. r. 10th. cl. (सीकयति-ते) 1. To be impatient. 2. To be patient.

3. To touch, 4. To be angry. (च) सीक r. 1st cl. (सीकति). 1. To sprinkle, to shed or shower. 2. To bear. 3. To touch. 4. To be angry. 5. To move. [aff.; also सीकर । सीकर m. (-रः) Thin drizzling rain. E. सीक् to scatter, (as water,) चरन् सीता f. (-ता) 1. A furrow, the track of the plough-share. 2. The daughter of JANAKA and wife of RA'MACHANDRA, so named because fabled to have sprung from a furrow made by Janaka while ploughing the ground to prepare it for a sacrifice instituted by him to obtain progeny. 3. One of the four great branches into which the Ganges, after having fallen on mount Meru, is fabled to divide: the eastern branch, flowing into the Varsha Bhadráswa. 4. The goddess LAKSHMI'. 5. UMA', the wife of S'IVA. 6. A goddess, wife of Indra, presiding over fruits, &c., an Indian FLORA or POMONA. 7. Spirituous liquor. 8. Husbandry. E. सि to bind, (the earth,) क् aff., form irr; it is then applicable [to the princess as having been turned up in the soil by a plough-share; and to the goddesses, as they may be supposed to have been incarnate in the wife of RA'MA; also, as differently derived शीता, q. v. सीताद्वय n. Plu. (-व्याणि) The implements of husbandry. सीतापति f. (-तिः) The hero RA'MA. E. सीता the princess, पति husband. सीताफल m. (-लः) The custard-apple tree. n. (-लं) The custard-apple. सीतायाःपति m. (-तिः) RA'MA. E. सीता in the poss. case, पति husband. सीतीनक m. (-कः) Pease: see सदीलक, सतीनक, &c. सीत्कार n. (-रः) Uttering an inarticulate sound, such as is made with the lips when a person shivers with cold, or in fainting, sighing, &c. E. सीत् imitative sound, and कार making; also सीत्कृत n. (-तः). सीत्कृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Uttered as an inarticulated sound. n. (-तं) An inarticulate sound: see the last. E. सीत्, and कृत made. सीत् mfn. (-त्-या-त्) Ploughed, tilled. n. (-त्वं) Corn, grain, rice, &c. E. सीता a furrow, यत् aff.; also शीत् । सीदत् mfn. (-दन्-दन्ती-दत्) 1. Sorrowing, grieving, desponding. 2. Decaying. 3. Suffering from, distressed or pained by. 4. Going. E. षद् to wane, श्रट् aff. सीय n. (-यं) Slothfulness, idleness, indolence. सीषु m. (-षुः) Spirit, distilled from molasses, rum. E. See शीषु, the sibilant being changed. [smell. सीषुगन्ध m. (-न्धः) The Bakula tree, (mimusops elengi.) E. सीषु rum, गन्ध सीषुप mfn. (-पः-पी-प) Drinking spirits. E. सिषु, and पा to drink, टच् aff. सीषुपुष्प m. (-ष्पः) 1. The Kadamba tree. 2. The Bakula tree. सीषुरस m. (-सः) The mango tree. सीष्र n. (-ष्रः) The anus. सीप m. (-पः) A sacrificial vessel in the shape of a boat. सीमन् m. (-मन्) 1. A boundary, a limit, a landmark, or mound, &c. serving to fix the limits of estates, &c. 2. A field. 3. The nape of the neck. 4. The scrotum. E. सिञ्च् to bind, इमनिन्, Una'di aff.; also with the aff. डाय्, or a final vowel, fem. form, सीमा । सीमन्त m. (-न्तः) 1. A separation of the hair on each side, so as to leave a distinct line on the top of the head. 2. A boundary line. mn. (-न्तः-न्तं) The head. E. सीमन् limit, (of the hair,) and अन्त end, form irr. सीमन्तक m. (-कः) An infernal being. n. (-कं) Red lead, a mark with which is sometimes made along the division of the hair. E. कन् added to the last. सीमन्तित f. (-ता) 1. Marked by a line. 2. Parted, (as hair.) सीमन्तिनी f. (-नी) A woman in general. E. सीमन्त the separation of the hair, and इनि aff. सीमन्तीन्नयन n. (-नः) One of the Sanska'ras or a purificatory and sacrificial ceremony, observed by women in the fourth, sixth, or eighth month of their pregnancy. E. सीमन्त partition of the hair, and उन्नयन arranging; this forming an essential part of the rite.