sacrifice of Janamejaya, although this honour is attributed in the Aitareya Brāhmaṇa² to Tura Kāvaṣeya. He also appears in the Jaiminīya Upaniṣad Brāhmaṇa³ as a pupil of Śruta, and is mentioned in the Vaṃśa Brāhmaṇa.⁴ He cannot be connected in any way with Devāpi, who occurs in the Rigveda.⁵

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² viii. 21.
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⁸ x. 98. Cf. Oldenberg, Zeitschrift der Deutschen Morgenländischen Gesellschaft, 42, 240.

1. Ibha is a word of somewhat doubtful sense and interpretation. It is found only in the Saṃhitās,¹ and especially in the Rigveda.² According to Roth³ and Ludwig⁴ the sense is 'retainer,' and Zimmer⁵ thinks that it includes not only dependants and servants, but also the royal family and the youthful cadets of the chief families. In the opinion of Pischel and Geldner⁶ it denotes 'elephant.' This view is supported by the authority of the commentators Sāyaṇa⁻ and Mahīdhara;⁵ the Nirukta,⁶ too, gives 'elephant' as one of the senses of the word. Megasthenes¹o and Nearchos¹¹ tell us that elephants were a royal prerogative, and the derivative word Ibhya may thus be naturally explained as denoting merely 'rich' (lit., 'possessor of elephants').¹²

2. Ibha in one passage of the Rigveda appears certainly to be intended as an abbreviation of the proper name Smadibha.

disches Leben, 167, treats it as 'retinue,' as does Ludwig, Translation of the Rigveda, 3, 246, 247.

⁸ iii. 40, 1.

⁴ Indische Studien, 4, 384, 385.

¹ Taittirīya Samhitā, i. 2, 14, 1; Vājasaneyi Samhitā, xiii. 9.

² i. 84, 17; iv. 4, 1; ix. 57, 3, and perhaps vi. 20, 8.

³ St. Petersburg Dictionary, s.v.

Translation of the Rigveda, 3, 246, 247.

⁸ Altindisches Leben, 167.

⁶ Vedische Studien, I, xv, xvi.

⁷ On Taittirīya Samhitā, loc. cit.

⁸ On Văjasaneyi Samhită, loc. cit.

⁹ vi. 12. It gives also the sense 'retainer,' and in Asoka's Edicts, No. 5, Bühler, Zeitschrift der Deutschen Morgenländischen Gesellschaft, 37, 279, finds a Vaisya denoted by its Pali form.

¹⁰ Apud Strabo, 704.

¹¹ Ibid., 705.

¹² But it may equally well be explained as 'rich' from the other sense of the primary word: 'possessor of (many) retainers.'

¹ vi. 20, 8. Cf. Pischel and Geldner, Vedische Studien, 1, xvi; Roth, St. Petersburg Dictionary, s.v.; Oldenberg, Rgveda-Noten, 1, 380. Zimmer, Altin-