Rkṣīkā, a word found in the Atharvaveda,¹ the Vājasaneyi Samhitā,² and the Śatapatha Brāhmaṇa,³ appears to denote a demon. Harisvāmin, however, in his commentary on the Śatapatha Brāhmaṇa, connects the word with Rkṣa, as meaning 'bear.'

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<sup>1</sup> xii. 1, 49.
<sup>2</sup> xxx. 8.
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Books of the East, 44, 307.

Rg-veda, the formal name of the collection of Rcs, first appears in the Brāhmaṇas, and thereafter frequently in the Āraṇyakas and Upaniṣads.

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1 Aitareya Brāhmaṇa, i. 32, and implied in Taittirīya Brāhmaṇa, iii. 12, 9, 1; Śatapatha Brāhmaṇa, vi. 5, 4, 6; 8, 3; xii. 3, 4, 9.
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8, 3; xii. 3, 4, 9.

Rahitareya Āraṇyaka, iii. 2, 3. 5;
Sāṅkhāyana Āraṇyaka, viii. 3. 8.

Brhadāraņyaka Upanisad, i. 5, 12; ii. 4, 10; iv. 1, 6; 5, 11; Chāndogya Upanisad, i. 3, 7; iii. 1, 2, 3; 15, 7; vii. 1, 2, 4; 2, 1; 7, 1.

Rjiśvan is mentioned several times in the Rigveda,¹ but always in a vague manner, as if very ancient. He assists Indra in fights against demoniac figures like Pipru and the dusky brood (kṛṣṇa-garbhāḥ). According to Ludwig,² he was called Auśija's son,³ but this is doubtful. He is twice⁴ clearly called Vaidathina, or descendant of Vidathin.

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<sup>1</sup> i. 51, 5; 53, 8; 101, 1; vi. 20, 7; viii. 49, 10; x. 99, 11; 138, 3.

<sup>2</sup> Translation of the Rigveda, 3, 143, 149.
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8 Rv. x. 99, 11. Cf. Ausija.

<sup>4</sup> Rv. iv. 16, 13; v. 29, 11. Cf. Macdonell, Vedic Mythology, p. 161 (C).

Rjūnas is mentioned once only in the Rigveda along with six other Soma sacrificers.

1 viii. 52, 2. Cf. Ludwig, Translation of the Rigveda, 3, 163.

Rjrāśva appears in the Rigveda<sup>1</sup> as one of the Vārṣāgiras, along with Ambarīṣa, Surādhas, Sahadeva, and Bhayamāna, and as apparently victorious in a race. Elsewhere<sup>2</sup> in the

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<sup>1</sup> i. 100, 16. 17.
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9 i. 116, 17; 117, 16. 17.