## 352 NAMES—HUNDRED NAMES OF RUDRA—ENEMY [ Satayatu

Sata-yātu ('having a hundred magic powers') is the name of a Rṣi in the Rigveda.¹ He is enumerated after Parāśara and before Vasiṣṭha. Geldner² thinks he may have been a son of Vasiṣṭha.

1 vii. 18, 21. 2 Vedische Studien, 2, 132. Cf. Ludwig, Translation of the Atharvaveda, 3, 139.

Sata-rudriya, Sata-rudriya (hymn 'relating to the hundred Rudras'), is the name of a section of the Yajurveda, which celebrates the god Rudra in his hundred aspects, enumerating his many epithets.

1 Kāthaka Samhitā, xxi. 6; Satapatha Brāhmana, ix. 1, 1, 1; 2, 1; x. 1, 5, 3. 15.

<sup>2</sup> Taittirīya Samhitā, v. 4, 3, 1;
<sup>5</sup>, 9, 4; 7 3, 3; Taittirīya Brāhmana,
<sup>11</sup>, 11, 9, 9, etc.

Taittiriya Samhita, iv. 5, 1-11; East, 43, 150 et seq.

Kāthaka Samhitā, xvii. 11-16; Maitrāyanī Samhitā, ii. 9, 1 et seq.; Vājasaneyi Samhitā, xvi. 1 et seq.

Cf. Zimmer, Altindisches Leben, 202; Weber, Indian Literature, 108, 111, 159, 169, 170; Eggeling, Sacred Books of the East, 43, 150 et seq.

Sata-sārada in the Rigveda<sup>1</sup> and the Atharvaveda<sup>2</sup> denotes a 'period of a hundred autumns' or years.

1 vii. 101, 6; x. 161, 2.

2 i. 35, I; viii. 2, 2; 5, 21.

Satānīka Sātrājita is mentioned in the Aitareya Brāhmana 1 and the Satapatha Brāhmana 2 as a great king who defeated **Dhṛtarāṣṭra**, the prince of **Kāśi**, and took away his sacrificial horse. He was clearly a **Bharata**. He is also alluded to in the Atharvaveda. 3

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viii. 21, 5.
xiii. 5, 4, 9-13.
i. 35, 1 = Vājasaneyi Samhitā,
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xxxiv. 52, in connexion with the Dak-sāyanas.

Satri Āgni-veśi ('descendant of Agniveśa') is the name of a generous patron in the Rigveda.<sup>1</sup>

1 v. 34, 9. Cf. Ludwig, Translation of the Rigveda, 3, 155.

Satru denotes 'enemy' in the Rigveda 1 and later.2

1 i. 33, 13; 61, 13; ii. 23, 11; 30, 24 Av. iv. 3, 1; vi. 4, 2; x. 3, 1, 3 et seq.; iii. 16, 2; iv. 28, 4, etc.