work' in the Soma sieve, but the exact sense of the passages is doubtful.6

52, takes saryāņi in Rv. ix. 68, 2, as denoting the outer husk of the Soma

6 Hillebrandt; Vedische Mythologie, I, | plant. See also Geldner, Vedische Studien, 2, 255, D. I.

Saryanāvant occurs in several passages of the Rigveda, in all of which Savana sees a local name. According to his account, Śaryanāh (masc. plur.) is a district in Kurukşetra, Saryanāvant being a lake not far from it in the back part (jaghanārdhe) of Kuruksetra. The unusual consistency of his statements on this point is in favour of the word being a place name; it is also to be noted that Kuruksetra contained the lake Anyatahplakṣā. Roth,2 however, thought that in two passages⁸ the word denoted merely a 'lake,' literally '(water) covered with a thicket of reeds' (saryana), and in the others a Soma vessel. Zimmer⁴ inclines to this rendering. other hand, Pischel⁵ accepts Sāyana's view. Hillebrandt⁶ also sees in the word a place name, but he is inclined to locate it among the 'five tribes,' which is not quite inconsistent with its being in Kuruksetra, for the connexion of the Pūrus with the later Kurus is known; 8 or perhaps, he suggests, Śaryanāvant is an old name for the Wular sea of Kaśmir, which was only a reminiscence in Vedic times. This is not probable; still less so is Ludwig's hypothesis9 that the Saryanavant is the later eastern Sarasvatī. Bergaigne 10 regards the name as that of a celestial preparer of Soma.

Saryāta is mentioned once in the Rigveda¹ as a protegé of the Asvins. Of him in the Satapatha Brahmana 2 and the

¹ i. 84, 14; viii. 6, 39; 7, 29; 64, 11; ix. 65, 22; 113, 1; x. 35, 2. See Jaiminiya Brahmana, iii. 64 (Journal of the American Oriental Society, 18, 17); Śātyāyanaka in Sāyana on Rv. i. 84, 13.

² St. Petersburg Dictionary, s.v.

³ i. 84, 14; x. 35, 2.

⁴ Altindisches Leben, 19, 20.

⁵ Vedische Studien, 2, 217. So Max

Müller, Sacred Books of the East, 32, 398, 399.

⁶ Vedische Mythologie, 1, 126 et seq.

⁷ This is deduced, not with any certainty, from Rv. ix. 65, 22.

⁸ Hillebrandt, op. cit., 1, 142, n. 4; Ludwig, Translation of the Rigveda, 3, 205.

⁹ Op. cit., 3, 201.

¹⁰ Religion Védique, 1, 206.

¹ i. 112, 17.